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Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking.

1.1. Product identifier.

Code: 556...

Name. METAL GRAF PLUS

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Description / Use. Anticorrosive paint based on micaceous iron oxide.

1.3. Information on the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Business name. Colorificio A. & B. Casati SpA Via
Address. Valpantena 59 / B - Poiano

Location and State. 37142 VERONA (VR)

ITALY tel. 045 550 244 fax. 045 550 414

e-mail of the competent person. responsible

for the safety data sheet. tintotec@casati.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number.

For urgent information contact. **045550244**

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Substance or mixture classification.

The product is classified as dangerous pursuant to the provisions of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and adjustments). The product therefore requires a safety data sheet compliant with the provisions of Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments

Any additional information regarding risks to health and / or the environment are given in sections. 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indications:

Flammable liquid, category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

category 3

2.2. Label elements.

Danger labeling pursuant to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and adjustments.

Hazard pictograms:



Warnings: Caution

Hazard statements:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure can

EUH066 cause skin dryness and cracking. Contains: EUH208 2-BUTANONE OXIME

It can cause an allergic reaction.

Precautionary advice:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

@EPY 9.3.0 - SDS 1003

Colorificio A. & B. Casati SpA 556 ... - METAL GRAF PLUS

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SECTION 2. Hazards identification..../>>

P210 Keep away from heat sources, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames or other sources of ignition. Not smoking. Keep

P233 the container tightly closed.
P273 Do not disperse in the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves and protect eyes / face.

P501 Dispose of the product / container in collection points for hazardous or special waste.

VOC (Directive 2004/42 / EC):

High performance one-component paints. VOC expressed in g / liter of ready-to-use product:

 Maximum limit:
 500.00 (2010)

 VOC of the product:
 455.04

- Diluted with: 15.00% ODORLESS THINNER

2.3. Other dangers.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain PBT or vPvB substances in percentage greater than 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition / information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Not relevant information.

3.2. Blends.

Contains:

Identification. x = Conc.%. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

CAS. 64742-48-9 19.235 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

THERE IS. 919-857-5

INDEX.

Reg. No. 01-2119463258-33 POWDER

ALUMINUM (STABILIZED) CAS.

7429-90-5 4.052 Flam. Sol. 1 H228, Note T

THERE IS. 231-072-3
INDEX. 013-002-00-1
Reg. No. 01-2119529243-45

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light CAS.

64742-47-8 1.092 Asp. Tox. 1 H304, EUH066

THERE IS. 265-149-8
INDEX. 649-422-00-2

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

CAS. 1330-20-7 0.87 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic

Chronic 3 H412, Note C

THERE IS. 215-535-7
INDEX. 601-022-00-9

Reg. No. 01-2119488216-32-xxxx Bis (orthophosphate) of trizinc CAS.

7779-90-0 0.807 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M = 1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M = 1

IERE IS. 231-944-3

INDEX.

Reg. No. 01-2119485044-40

2-BUTANONE OXIME

CAS. 96-29-7 0.532 Carc. 2 H351, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317

THERE IS. 202-496-6 INDEX. 616-014-00-0

Reg. No. 01-2119639477-28-XXXX 1-

METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE *CAS.*

108-65-6 0.465 Flam. Liq. 3 H226

THERE IS. 203-603-9
INDEX. 607-195-00-7

Reg. No. 01-2119475791-29-XXXX

@EPY 9.3.0 - SDS 1003

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SECTION 3. Composition / information on ingredients.

ETHYLBENZENE

CAS. 100-41-4 0.281 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373

THERE IS. 202-849-4
INDEX. 601-023-00-4

Reg. No. 01-2119489370-35-XXXX DIPROPYLEN

GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER *CAS.*

34590-94-8 0.042

Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.

THERE IS. 252-104-2

INDEX.

Reg. No. 01-2119450011-60

The full wording of the hazard statements (H) is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove any contact lenses. Wash immediately and abundantly with water for at least 30/60 minutes, opening the eyelids well. Consult a physician immediately.

SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Take a shower immediately. Consult a physician immediately.

INGESTION: Give as much water to drink as possible. Consult a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless expressly authorized by your doctor.

INHALATION: Call a doctor immediately. Take the person out into the fresh air, away from the scene of the accident. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. Take adequate precautions for the rescuer.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

No specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product is known. For symptoms and effects due to the substances contained, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed. Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Fire fighting. SUITABLE

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Chemical powder.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Do not use water.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE No information available.

5.3. Recommendations for firefighters. GENERAL INFORMATIONS

In contact with water or moisture, flammable gases are evolved.

EQUIPMENT

Normal clothing for firefighting, such as an open circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (EN 137), flame retardant suit (EN469), flame retardant gloves (EN 659) and fire brigade boots (HO A29 or A30).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures. Stop the

leak if there is no danger.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to in section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications are valid both for the workers and for emergency interventions.

Keep unequipped people away. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) or heat from the area where the leak occurred.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

Prevent the product from entering sewers, surface water, groundwater.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up.

Suck up the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used with the product, checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with absorbent material

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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

.../>

inert

Provide sufficient ventilation of the place affected by the leak. The disposal of contaminated material must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information regarding personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling.

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not inhale any dusts or vapors or mists. Avoid the dispersion of the product in the environment. Work in adequately ventilated areas. Avoid flames and sparks. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames, do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapors can accumulate on the ground and catch fire even at a distance, if triggered, with the risk of backfire. Avoid the accumulation of electrostatic charges. To avoid the danger of fire and explosion, never use compressed air for handling. Open containers carefully, as they may be under pressure.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Keep only in the original container. Keep the product in clearly labeled containers. Keep containers tightly closed. Absolutely avoid contact with water or water that can absorb moisture. Avoid violent shocks. Avoid overheating. Store in a ventilated place, away from sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, checking section 10.

Store in a cool and well-ventilated place, away from heat sources, open flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.

7.3. Specific end uses.

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls / personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Normative requirements:

GBR United Kingdom EH40 / 2005 Workplace exposure limits ITA Italy Legislative Decree 9 April 2008, n.81

EU OEL EU Directive 2009/161 / EU; Directive 2006/15 / EC; Directive 2004/37 / EC; Directive 2000/39 / EC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2016

POWDER ALUMINUM (STABILIZED)									
Threshold limit value.									
Guy	Guy State TWA / 8h STEL / 15min								
		mg / m3	ppm	mg / m3 ppm					
WEL	GBR	4							
TLV-ACGIH		1	0.9						

				XYLENE (MIXTU	RE OF ISOME	ERS)
Threshold limit	value.					
Guy	State	TWA / 8h		STEL / 15r	nin	
		mg / m3	ppm	mg / m3	ppm	
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	LEATHER.
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	LEATHER.
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150	

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls / personal protection.

../>>

	1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE										
Threshold limit value.											
Guy	Guy State TWA / 8h STEL / 15min										
mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm											
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100						
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	LEATHER.					
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	LEATHER.					

				ETHYL	BENZENE	
Threshold limit v	/alue.					
Guy	State	TWA / 8h		STEL / 15n	nin	
		mg / m3	ppm	mg / m3	ppm	
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	LEATHER.
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	LEATHER.
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	LEATHER.
TLV-ACGIH		87	20			

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER										
Threshold limit value.										
Guy	Guy State TWA / 8h									
		mg / m3	ppm	mg / m3	ppm					
WEL	GBR	308	50			LEATHER.				
VLEP	ITA	308	50			LEATHER.				
OEL	EU	308	50			LEATHER.				
TLV-ACGIH		606	100	909	150	LEATHER.				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INALAB = Inhalable Fraction; RESPIR = Breathing Fraction; TORAC = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls.

Considering that the use of adequate technical measures should always take priority over personal protective equipment, ensure good ventilation in the workplace through effective local exhaust. Individual protection devices must bear the CE marking which certifies their compliance with current regulations.

For the choice of risk management measures and operational conditions, also consult the attached exposure scenarios. HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (ref. Standard EN 374).

For the final choice of the material of the work gloves it is necessary to consider: compatibility, degradation, breakage time and permeation.

In the case of preparations, the resistance of work gloves to chemical agents must be checked before use as it is not foreseeable. Gloves have a wear time that depends on the duration and method of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved work clothes and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686 / EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider providing antistatic clothing if the workplace presents a risk of explosivity. EYE PROTECTION

It is recommended to wear airtight protective goggles (ref. Standard EN

166). RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

In case of exceeding the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) of the substance or of one or more of the substances present in the product, it is advisable to wear a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen in relation to the limit concentration of use. (ref. standard EN 14387). If there are gases or vapors of a different nature and / or gases or vapors with particles (aerosols, fumes, mists, etc.), combined filters must be provided.

The use of respiratory protection means is necessary if the technical measures adopted are not sufficient to limit the exposure of the worker to the threshold values taken into consideration. The protection offered by the masks is however limited.

In the event that the substance in question is odorless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative TLV-TWA and in the event of an emergency, wear an open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. Standard EN 137) or a self-contained breathing apparatus. outdoor air (ref. EN 138 standard). For the correct choice of the respiratory protection device, refer to the EN 529 standard.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

Emissions from manufacturing processes, including those from ventilation equipment should be controlled for compliance with environmental protection legislation.

Product residues must not be discharged without control into waste water or water courses.

For information on controlling environmental exposure, refer to the exposure scenarios attached to this safety data sheet.

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Physical state liquid

Color Folder colors

Odor aliphatic hydrocarbons

Odor threshold. Unavailable.

PH. Unavailable.

Melting or freezing point. Initial Unavailable.

boiling point. Unavailable.

Boiling range. Flash Unavailable.

point. Evaporation rate $23 \le T \le 60$ ° C. Unavailable.

Flammability of solids and Unavailable.
gases Lower flammability limit. Unavailable.
Upper flammability limit. Lower Unavailable.
explosive limit. Upper explosive Unavailable.
limit. Vapor pressure. Unavailable.
Unavailable.

Vapor density Unavailable. Relative density. Unavailable.

Solubility insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water: Autoignition temperature. Unavailable.
Decomposition temperature. Unavailable.
Unavailable.

Viscosity $> 20.5 \text{ mm2 / sec } (40 \,^{\circ}\text{ C})$

Explosive properties Not available.
Oxidizing properties Unavailable.

9.2. Other information. VOC

(Directive 2004/42 / EC): VOC 24.64% - 407.80 0 g / liter.

(volatile carbon):

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

2-BUTANONE OXIME

It decomposes under the effect of heat.

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

Stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

With air it can slowly give peroxides which explode due to a rise in temperature.

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

May react with: oxidising substances. Heated to decomposition emits: acrid fumes, zinc alloys.

10.2. Chemical stability.

Information not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product can react violently with water.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Stable under normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

2-BUTANONE OXIME

Reacts violently with: strong oxidizing agents, acids.

Above the flash point (69 ° C / 156 ° F) explosive mixtures can form with air.

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidizing substances, strong acids, alkali metals.

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity..../>>

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants Attacks various types of plastics May form explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Prevent moisture or water from entering the containers.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

2-BUTANONE OXIME

Incompatible with: oxidizing substances, strong acids.

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidizing substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

2-BUTANONE OXIME

It can develop: nitrogen oxides, carbon oxides.

ETHYLBENZENE

It can develop: methane, styrene, hydrogen, ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

In the absence of experimental toxicological data on the product itself, any health hazards of the product have been assessed on the basis of the properties of the substances contained, according to the criteria established by the reference legislation for classification.

Therefore, consider the concentration of the individual dangerous substances possibly mentioned in sect. 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects deriving from exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Toxic action on the central nervous system (encephalopathies); irritant action on the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory system.

ETHYLBENZENE

Like the benzene homologs, it can exert an acute action on the CNS, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). It is irritating to the skin, conjunctivae and respiratory system.

ACUTE TOXICITY.

LC50 (Inhalation - vapors) of the mixture: LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: LD50

(Oral) of the mixture:

LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no relevant component). Not classified (no relevant component). Not classified (no relevant component). Not classified (no relevant component).

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

 LD50 (Oral).
 3523 mg / kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 4350 mg / kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 26 mg / l / 4h Rat

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Oral). 8530 mg / kg Rat LD50 (Dermal). > 5000 mg / kg Rat

ETHYLBENZENE

 LD50 (Oral).
 3500 mg / kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 15354 mg / kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 17.2 mg / l / 4h Rat

2-BUTANONE OXIME

 LD50 (Oral).
 2400 mg / kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 1000 mg / kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 20 mg / l / 4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / SKIN IRRITATION.

It does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information.... / >>

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / EYE IRRITATION.

It does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITIZATION.

It does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

MUTAGENICITY ON GERMINAL CELLS.

It does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

CARCINOGENICITY.

It does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

REPRODUCTION TOXICITY.

It does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (STOT) - SINGLE EXPOSURE.

It does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (STOT) - REPEATED EXPOSURE.

It does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

DANGER IN CASE OF SUCTION.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity:> 20.5 mm2 / sec (40 ° C)

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

The product is to be considered as dangerous for the environment and is harmful to aquatic organisms with long-term negative effects for the aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity.

Trizinc bis (orthophosphate)

 LC50 - Pisces.
 > 100 mg / I / 96h

 EC50 - Crustaceans.
 > 100 mg / I / 48h

 Chronic NOEC Crustaceans.
 > 1 mg / I

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Distillates of petroleum, coal, plant extracts: they are mixtures of paraffinic, naphthenic, diterpene and aromatic hydrocarbons. Their behavior on the environment depends on the composition. In any case, use according to good working practices, avoiding discharging into the environment. In general, the product is poorly biodegradable.

Trizinc bis (orthophosphate)

Biodegradability: Data not available.

ALUMINUM POWDER (STABILIZED) Solubility

in water. 0 mg/l

Biodegradability: Data not available.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Solubility in water. 100 - 1000 mg / l

Biodegradability: Data not available.

DIPROPYLEN GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Solubility in water. 1000 - 10000 mg / I

Quickly biodegradable.

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water. > 10000 mg / I

Quickly biodegradable.

ETHYLBENZENE

Solubility in water. 1000 - 10000 mg / I

Quickly biodegradable.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information..../>>

2-BUTANONE OXIME

Solubility in water. 1000 - 10000 mg / I

Inherently biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulation potential.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition

coefficient: n-octanol / water. BCF. 3.12 25.9

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water. 0.0043

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water. 1.2

ETHYLBENZENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water. 3.6

2-BUTANONE OXIME

Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water. BCF. 0.63

0.5

12.4. Mobility in soil.

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition

coefficient: soil / water. 2.73

2-BUTANONE OXIME

Partition coefficient: soil / water. 0.55

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain PBT or vPvB substances in percentage greater than 0.1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse if possible. Product residues are to be considered special hazardous waste. The dangerousness of the waste that partially contains this product must be assessed on the basis of the laws in force.

Disposal must be entrusted to an authorized waste management company, in compliance with national and possibly local regulations.

The transport of waste may be subject to ADR.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be sent for recovery or disposal in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: PAINTS OR MATERIALS SIMILAR TO PAINT IMDG: PAINT OR PAINT RELATED MATERIAL PAINT OR

IATA: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

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SECTION 14. Transport information..../>>

14.3. Transport hazard classes.

ADR / RID:

Label: 3

IMDG:

Class: 3

Label: 3

IATA:

Class: 3

Label: 3



14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Dangers for the environment.

ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO NO

14.6. Special precautions for users.

ADR / RID:

IATA:

HIN - Kemler: 30 Special

provision: 640E EMS: FE, S

IMDG: -AND

Cargo:

Pass .:

Special instructions:

Limited Quantity: 5 L

Limited quantities: 5 L

Maximum quantity: 220 L

Maximum quantity: 60 L

A3, A72, A192

Packing instructions: 366 Packing instructions: 355

Tunnel restriction code: (D / E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

Not relevant information.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Health, sa	fety and e	environmental	legislation and	l regulations s	pecific to the	e substance or	mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18 / EC:

P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

Product.

Substances in the Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain SVHC substances in percentage greater than 0.1%.

Substances subject to authorization (Annex XIV REACH).

Substances subject to export notification obligation Reg. (EC) 649/2012:

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Sanitary checks.

Information not available.

VOC (Directive 2004/42 / EC):

High performance one-component paints.

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

.../>>

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

A chemical safety assessment has not been developed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in sections 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Flam. Sol. 1 Flammable solid, category 1
Carc. 2 Carcinogenicity, category 2 Acute

Acute Tox. 4 toxicity, category 4

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 Serious eye

Eye Dam. 1 damage, category 1

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin

Skin Irrit. 2 irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Skin

Skin Sens. 1 sensitization, category 1

Aquatic Acute 1Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1Aquatic Chronic 1Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1Aquatic Chronic 3Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225Highly flammable liquid and vapor.H226Flammable liquid and vapor.H228Flammable solid.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H304 It can be fatal if swallowed and if it enters the respiratory tract. May cause H373 damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious

H318 eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H315 Causes skin irritation.
 H335 It can irritate the respiratory tract.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. It can

H336 cause drowsiness or dizziness. **H400** Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life
 H412 with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure can cause skin dryness and

EUH066 cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European agreement for the transport of dangerous goods by road
- CAS NUMBER: Number of the Chemical Abstract Service
- EC50: Concentration that gives effect to 50% of the population subject to testing
- CE NUMBER: Identification number in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived no effect level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System for Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
- IATA DGR: Regulations for the transport of dangerous goods of the International Air Transport Association
- IC50: Concentration of immobilization of 50% of the population subject to testing
- IMDG: International maritime code for the transport of dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identification number in Annex VI of the CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational exposure level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic according to REACH
- PEC: Predicted environmental concentration
- PEL: Predictable level of exposure
- PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulations for the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration which must not be exceeded during any moment of occupational exposure.

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SECTION 16. Other information..../>>

- TWA STEL: Short term exposure limit
- TWA: Weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic compound
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulating according to REACH
- WGK: Water hazard class (Germany).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 of the European Parliament (REACH)
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 of the European Parliament (CLP)
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 of the European Parliament (I Atp. CLP)
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 of the European Parliament (II Atp. CLP)
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 of the European Parliament (III Atp. CLP)
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 of the European Parliament (IV Atp. CLP)
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 of the European Parliament (V Atp. CLP)
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 of the European Parliament (VI Atp. CLP)
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 of the European Parliament (VII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- NI Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA Agency website

Note for the user:

The information contained in this sheet is based on the knowledge available to us at the date of the latest version. The user must ensure the suitability and completeness of the information in relation to the specific use of the product.

This document should not be construed as a guarantee of any specific property of the product.

Since the use of the product does not fall under our direct control, the user is obliged to observe the laws and regulations in force on hygiene and safety under his own responsibility. No responsibility is assumed for improper use.

Provide adequate training to personnel assigned to the use of chemical products.

Changes from the previous revision. Changes have been made to the following sections: 01/02/03/04/06/07/08/09/10/11/12/14 / 15. TLVs changed in section 8.1 for the following countries: GBR,

Exhibition Scenarios.

Product. METAL GRAF PLUS

Scenario title. Use in coatings Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics 1

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