

Colorificio A. & B. Casati SpA**61100P - HYDROPRIMER K3 SILOXANE BASE P**Revision n.6
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IT

Safety Data Sheet**SECTION 1. Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking****1.1. Product identifier**Code: **61100P**
Name: **HYDROPRIMER K3 SILOXANE BASE P****1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**Description / Use: **Insulating primer, siloxane pigmented fixative.****1.3. Information on the supplier of the safety data sheet**Business name: **Colorificio A. & B. Casati SpA Via**
Address: **Valpantena 59 / B - Poiano**
Location and State: **37142 VERONA (VR)**
ITALY
tel. **045 550 244**
fax **045 550 414**
e-mail of the competent person responsible for the safety data sheet: **tintotec@casati.it****1.4. Emergency telephone number**For urgent information contact: **045550244****SECTION 2. Hazards identification.****2.1. Substance or mixture classification.**

The product is classified as dangerous pursuant to the provisions of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and adjustments). The product therefore requires a safety data sheet compliant with the provisions of Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information regarding risks to health and / or the environment are given in sections. 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indications:
Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.**2.2. Label elements.**

Danger labeling pursuant to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and adjustments.

Hazard pictograms:



Warnings: Caution

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
EUH208 Contains: Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3: 1)
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3 (2H) -one
It can cause an allergic reaction.

Precautionary advice:

P101 If you need to consult a doctor, have the container or the label of the product available. Keep out of
P102 reach of children.
P264 Wash thoroughly with soap and plenty of water after use. Wear eye
P280 and face protection.
P305 + P351 + P338 IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH THE EYES: rinse thoroughly for several minutes. Remove the
contact lenses if it is easy to do so. Continue rinsing.

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.... / >>

P337 + P313

If eye irritation persists, seek medical attention.

2.3. Other dangers.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain PBT or vPvB substances in percentage greater than 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition / information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Not relevant information.

3.2. Blends.

Contains:

Identification. Conc.% Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics

CAS. 64742-48-9 1 - 3 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

THERE IS: 919-857-5

INDEX.

Reg. No. 01-2119463258-33

Isotridecylalcohol, ethoxylated

CAS. 9043-30-5 1 - 3 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318

THERE IS:

INDEX.

Oleyl alcohol, ethoxylate

CAS. 9004-98-2 0.45 - 0.5 Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M = 1

THERE IS:

INDEX.

3-iodo-2-propinylbutylcarbamate

CAS. 55406-53-6 0 - 0.05 Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M = 10, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

THERE IS: 259-627-5

INDEX.

BRONOPOL

CAS. 52-51-7 0 - 0.05 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M = 10, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

THERE IS: 200-143-0

INDEX. 603-085-00-8

1,2-Benzisothiazol-3 (2H) -one

CAS. 2634-33-5 0.009 - 0.02 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M = 1, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

THERE IS: 220-120-9

INDEX. 613-088-00-6

Blend of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3: 1) CAS.

55965-84-9 0 - 0.0015 Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M = 1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410

THERE IS:

INDEX. 613-167-00-5

Note: Upper value of the range excluded.

The full wording of the hazard statements (H) is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove any contact lenses. Wash immediately and abundantly with water for at least 30/60 minutes, opening the eyelids well. Consult a physician immediately.

SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Take a shower immediately. Consult a physician immediately.

INGESTION: Give as much water to drink as possible. Consult a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting unless expressly authorized by your doctor.

INHALATION: Call a doctor immediately. Take the person out into the fresh air, away from the scene of the accident. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. Take adequate precautions for the rescuer.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects due to the substances contained, see chap. 11.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.... / >>

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed. Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.**5.1. Fire fighting.** SUITABLE**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Extinguishing media are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product leaks and spills that have not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapors and protect those involved in stopping the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Do not use water jets. Water is not effective to extinguish the fire however it can be used to cool closed containers exposed to the flame, preventing bursts and explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.**HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE**

Overpressure can be created in containers exposed to fire with danger of explosion. Avoid breathing combustion products.

5.3. Recommendations for firefighters. GENERAL INFORMATION

Cool the containers with jets of water to avoid product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous to health. Always wear full fire protection equipment. Collect the extinguishing water which must not be discharged into the sewers. Dispose of the contaminated water used for extinguishing and the residue of the fire according to current regulations.

EQUIPMENT

Normal clothing for firefighting, such as an open circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (EN 137), flame retardant suit (EN469), flame retardant gloves (EN 659) and fire brigade boots (HO A29 or A30).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.**6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.** Stop the leak if there is no danger.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to in section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications are valid both for the workers and for emergency interventions.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

Prevent the product from entering sewers, surface water, groundwater.

6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up.

Suck up the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used with the product, checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Provide sufficient ventilation of the place affected by the leak. Check for any incompatibilities for the container material in section 7. The disposal of contaminated material must be carried out in accordance with the provisions of point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information regarding personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.**7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling.**

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames, do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapors can accumulate on the ground and catch fire even at a distance, if triggered, with the risk of backfire. Avoid the accumulation of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Avoid the dispersion of the product in the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Keep only in the original container. Store in a cool and well-ventilated place, away from heat sources, open flames, sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, checking section 10.

7.3. Specific end uses.

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls / personal protection.**8.1. Control parameters.**

Information not available.

8.2. Exposure controls.

Considering that the use of adequate technical measures should always take priority over personal protective equipment, ensure good ventilation in the workplace through effective local exhaust. Personal protective equipment must bear the CE mark which certifies their compliance with current regulations.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye basin.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (ref. Standard EN 374).

For the final choice of the material of the work gloves it is necessary to consider: compatibility, degradation, breakage time and permeation.

In the case of preparations, the resistance of work gloves to chemical agents must be checked before use as it is not foreseeable. Gloves have a wear time that depends on the duration and method of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved work clothes and safety footwear (ref. Directive 89/686 / EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

It is recommended to wear airtight protective goggles (ref. Standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION
In case of exceeding the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) of the substance or of one or more of the substances present in the product, it is advisable to wear a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen in relation to the limit concentration of use. (ref. standard EN 14387). If there are gases or vapors of a different nature and / or gases or vapors with particles (aerosols, fumes, mists, etc.), combined filters must be provided.

The use of respiratory protection means is necessary if the technical measures adopted are not sufficient to limit the exposure of the worker to the threshold values taken into consideration. The protection offered by the masks is however limited.

In the event that the substance in question is odorless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the relative TLV-TWA and in the event of an emergency, wear an open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (ref. Standard EN 137) or a self-contained breathing apparatus. outdoor air (ref. EN 138 standard). For the correct choice of the respiratory protection device, refer to the EN 529 standard.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

Emissions from manufacturing processes, including those from ventilation equipment should be controlled for compliance with environmental protection legislation.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.**

Physical state	liquid
Color	White
Odor	characteristic
Odor threshold.	Unavailable.
pH.	Unavailable.
Melting or freezing point. Initial	Unavailable.
boiling point.	Unavailable.
Boiling range. Flash	Unavailable.
point. Evaporation rate	> 61 ° C.
	Unavailable.
Flammability of solids and	Unavailable.
gases Lower flammability limit.	Unavailable.
Upper flammability limit. Lower	Unavailable.
explosive limit. Upper explosive	Unavailable.
limit. Vapor pressure.	Unavailable.
	Unavailable.
Vapor density	Unavailable.
Relative density.	1,340 Kg / l
Solubility	Miscible with water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water: Auto-	Unavailable.
ignition temperature.	Unavailable.
Decomposition temperature.	Unavailable.
Viscosity	Unavailable.
Explosive properties	Unavailable.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.... / >>

Oxidizing properties	Unavailable.	
9.2. Other information. VOC		
(Directive 2004/42 / EC): VOC	2.58% - 34.53	g / liter.
(volatile carbon):	Unavailable.	

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.**10.1. Reactivity.**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

BRONOPOL: decomposes on contact with water, metals and strong bases.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable under normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Vapors can form explosive mixtures with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Avoid the accumulation of electrostatic charges. Avoid any source of ignition.

BRONOPOL: keep away from direct sunlight and humidity.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

Information not available.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Due to thermal decomposition or in the event of fire, gases and vapors potentially harmful to health can be released.

BRONOPOL: nitrogen oxides, carbon oxides, hydrobromic acid.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**11.1. Information on toxicological effects.**

In the absence of experimental toxicological data on the product itself, any health hazards of the product have been assessed on the basis of the properties of the substances contained, according to the criteria established by the reference legislation for classification. Therefore, consider the concentration of the individual dangerous substances possibly mentioned in sect. 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects deriving from exposure to the product.

Acute effects: contact with eyes causes irritation; symptoms may include: redness, edema, pain and tearing. Ingestion can cause health disturbances, including abdominal pain with burning, nausea and vomiting.

The product contains sensitizing substance (s) and therefore may cause an allergic reaction.

3-iodo-2-propinylbutylcarbamate

LD50 (Oral). > 300 mg / kg

LD50 (Dermal). > 2000 mg / kg

LC50 (Inhalation). 0.67 mg / l

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

As specific data on the preparation are not available, use according to good working practices, avoiding to disperse the product in the environment. Avoid dispersing the product in the ground or water courses. Notify the competent authorities if the product has reached water courses or if it has contaminated the soil or vegetation. Take measures to minimize the effects on the aquifer.

12.1. Toxicity.

3-iodo-2-propinylbutylcarbamate

LC50 - Fish. 0.067 mg / l / 96h

EC50 - Crustaceans. 0.65 mg / l / 48h

EC50 - Algae / Aquatic Plants. 0.053 mg / l / 72h

Chronic NOEC for Pisces. 0.0084 mg / l

Chronic NOEC Crustaceans. 0.05 mg / l

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants. 0.053 mg / l / 72h

SECTION 12. Ecological information.... / >>

Blend	Of:	5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	And	2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	(3: 1)
LC50 - Pisces.		0.19 mg / l / 96h			
EC50 - Crustaceans.		0.16 mg / l / 48h			
Chronic NOEC Crustaceans.		0.035 mg / l			
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3 (2H) -one					
LC50 - Fish.		1.3 mg / l / 96h			
EC50 - Crustaceans.		1.5 mg / l / 48h			
Chronic NOEC for Pisces.		0.21 mg / l			
Chronic NOEC Crustaceans.		1.2 mg / l			
BRONOPOL					
LC50 - Pisces.		20 mg / l / 96h Oncorhynchus mykiss			
EC50 - Crustaceans.		mg / l / 48h Daphnia magna			

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

BRONOPOL		
Solubility in water.		286000 mg / l
Quickly biodegradable.		

12.3. Bioaccumulation potential.

BRONOPOL		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol / water. BCF.		0.22
		3.16

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain PBT or vPvB substances in percentage greater than 0.1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.**13.1. Waste treatment methods.**

Reuse if possible. Product residues are to be considered special hazardous waste. The dangerousness of the waste that partially contains this product must be assessed on the basis of the laws in force.

Disposal must be entrusted to an authorized waste management company, in compliance with national and possibly local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be sent for recovery or disposal in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.**14.1. UN number.**

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard classes.

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group.

Not applicable.

61100P - HYDROPRIMER K3 SILOXANE BASE P**SECTION 14. Transport information.... / >>****14.5. Dangers for the environment.**

Not applicable.

14.6. Special precautions for users.

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code.

Not relevant information.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.**15.1. Standards and legislation on health, safety and environment specific for the substance or mixture.**Seveso category. None.

Restrictions relating to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

Product.
Point. 3

Substances in the Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None.

Substances subject to authorization (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to export notification obligation Reg. (EC) 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Sanitary checks.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent dangerous to health must be subjected to health surveillance carried out in accordance with the provisions of art. 41 of Legislative Decree 81 of 9 April 2008 unless the risk to the safety and health of the worker has been assessed as irrelevant, in accordance with the provisions of art. 224 paragraph 2.

VOC (Directive 2004/42 / EC):

Mineral-based exterior wall paints. VOC

expressed in g / liter of ready-to-use product:

Maximum limit:	40.00 (2010)
VOC of the product:	28.78
- Diluted with:	20.00% WATER

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

A chemical safety assessment has not been developed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in sections 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion, category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

SECTION 16. Other information.... / >>

Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H301	Toxic if ingested.
H311	Toxic in contact with the skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. It can be fatal if swallowed and if it enters the respiratory tract. It causes serious skin burns and serious eye injuries.
H304	Causes serious eye damage.
H314	Causes serious eye irritation.
H318	Causes skin irritation.
H319	It can irritate the respiratory tract.
H315	May cause an allergic skin reaction. It can cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H335	Very toxic to aquatic organisms.
H317	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure can cause skin dryness and cracking.
H336	
H400	
H410	
H411	
EUH066	

LEGEND:

- ADR: European agreement for the transport of dangerous goods by road
- CAS NUMBER: Number of the Chemical Abstract Service
- EC50: Concentration that gives effect to 50% of the population subject to testing
- CE NUMBER: Identification number in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived no effect level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System for Classification and Labeling of Chemicals
- IATA DGR: Regulations for the transport of dangerous goods of the International Air Transport Association
- IC50: Concentration of immobilization of 50% of the population subject to testing
- IMDG: International maritime code for the transport of dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identification number in Annex VI of the CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational exposure level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic according to REACH
- PEC: Predicted environmental concentration
- PEL: Predictable level of exposure
- PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulations for the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration which must not be exceeded during any moment of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short term exposure limit
- TWA: Weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic compound
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulating according to REACH
- WGK: Water hazard class (Germany).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 of the European Parliament (REACH)
2. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 of the European Parliament (CLP)
3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 of the European Parliament (I Atp. CLP)
4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 of the European Parliament (II Atp. CLP)
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 of the European Parliament (III Atp. CLP)
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 of the European Parliament (IV Atp. CLP)
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 of the European Parliament (V Atp. CLP)
9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 of the European Parliament (VI Atp. CLP)

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition

SECTION 16. Other information.... / >>

- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- NI Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA Agency website

Note for the user:

The information contained in this sheet is based on the knowledge available to us at the date of the latest version. The user must ensure the suitability and completeness of the information in relation to the specific use of the product.

This document should not be construed as a guarantee of any specific property of the product.

Since the use of the product does not fall under our direct control, the user is obliged to observe the laws and regulations in force on hygiene and safety under his own responsibility. No responsibility is assumed for improper use.

Provide adequate training to personnel assigned to the use of chemical products.

Changes from the previous revision. Changes have been made to the following sections:
02/03/05/07/08/09/10/11/12/14/15/16.